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FINAL TECHNICAL REPORT
PROTOTYPE 20 WATT
SOLID-STATE
TELEMETRY TRANSMITTER
VOLUME II OF III

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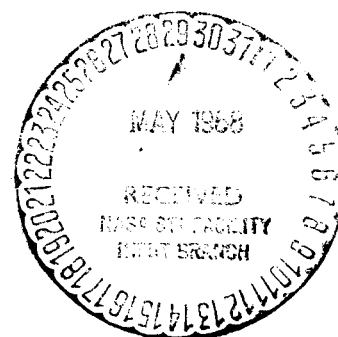
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THE *BOEING* COMPANY - SPACE DIVISION

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SOLID-STATE TELEMETRY TRANSMITTER

MODEL NO.

CONTRACT NO.

NAS8-20777

PREPARED BY: W. LEDREW AND J. DETTMANN
TELEMETRY SYSTEMS

APRIL 1, 1968


W. B. SMITH

ISSUE NO.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This section contains the procedure for testing the 20 Watt Telemetry Transmitter.

1.1 TEST PROCEDURES

Unless otherwise agreed to by the MSFC Contracting Office Representative (COR) and Boeing test engineers, the test procedures and test equipment included herein are to be utilized to accomplish all tests. Any changes to the test procedures and/or test equipment being used will be coordinated with the MSFC-COR prior to initiation of the test.

1.2 TEST EQUIPMENT

The test equipment specified herein (Table 2), or equivalent, will be provided for the performance of the required tests. All electronic test equipment will be marked certified as being capable of performing within the limits of the applicable certification procedure approved by the MSFC-COR. Certification data will be recorded on a test equipment list pertinent to each sequence of tests performed.

1.3 TESTS

The tests shall consist of all the performance and environmental tests included herein. Test data shall be recorded on a suitable form.

1.3.1 Test Sequence

The sequence of testing will be controlled by laboratory and test equipment availability with the following exceptions:

- a. Performance tests shall be conducted first.
- b. After all environmental tests have been conducted, performance tests shall be repeated.
- c. During environmental testing, vibration tests shall be conducted last.

1.3.2 Performance Tests

The transmitter shall be performance tested in accordance with the following procedures:

1.3.2.1 Test Setup

- a. Mount transmitter on heat sink. The temperature of the heat sink shall be monitored by a thermocouple attached to the heat sink one inch from the transmitter. Heat sink temperature shall not be permitted to exceed 75°C. Before mounting, coat the contacting surfaces of the transmitter and thermocouple with a layer of heat-conducting silicone grease (Dow Corning 340 or equivalent).
- b. Use ohmmeter to check for high resistance (over 10 megohms) between chassis ground, power ground, and input signal ground terminals.

1.3.2.1 Test Setup (Cont'd)

- c. Pressurize transmitter to approximately 21 psig using dry gaseous nitrogen. Purge the residual air from the unit while pressurizing.
- d. Measure and record the transmitter pressure after a 24-hour period.
- e. Reduce transmitter pressure to approximately 7 psig.

1.3.2.2 Output Power, Frequency Stability, and dc-RF Efficiency

- a. Assemble the test setup of Figure 1.
- b. Before connecting the dc power supply, turn on all test equipment and allow proper warmup time. Adjust the supply voltage to 28.0 Vdc.
- c. Apply power to the transmitter.
- d. With no input to the transmitter measure and record supply voltage, supply current, output power, and output frequency.
- e. Set the supply voltage at plus 24.0 V dc and repeat step (d).
- f. Set the supply voltage at plus 32.0 V dc and repeat step (d).
- g. Account for coupling and insertion losses for directional coupler, coaxial line and fittings. Correct output power readings obtained by adding these losses to the readings taken.
- h. Calculate the overall dc to RF conversion efficiency, for each power supply voltage setting above, as follows:

$$\% \text{ EFF} = \frac{\text{Corrected RF output power}}{(I_{\text{dc}})(V_{\text{dc}})} \times 100$$

1.3.2.3 Warmup Time

- a. Assemble basic test set in accordance with Figure 1.
- b. Before connecting the dc power supply, turn on all test equipment and allow proper warmup time. Adjust the supply voltage to 28.0 V dc.
- c. The transmitter shall be dennergized for at least a 2-hour period.
- d. Apply power to the transmitter and at 3, 6 and 9 minutes after applying power record power output and the output frequency.

1.3.2.4 Input Impedance1.3.2.4.1 DC Input Impedance

- a. Assemble the test setup of Figure 2.
- b. Adjust the dc voltage source for 1.0 V dc.

1.3.2.4.1 DC Input Impedance (Cont'd)

- c. Adjust the decade resistance until the input to the transmitter is 0.5 V dc.
- d. Read and record the decade resistance as the dc input impedance.

1.3.2.4.2 AC Input Impedance

- a. Assemble the test setup of Figure 3.
- b. Adjust power supply to plus 28 V dc and variable resistor to zero resistance.
- c. Set audio oscillator frequency at 300 Hz. Adjust oscillator output voltage for 1.0 VRMS across the signal input lines, as measured at the input connector pins.
- d. Adjust variable resistor until the voltage measured across the transmitter input is one-half that across the oscillator terminals.
- e. Measure and record the resistance of the variable resistor as the input impedance at 300 Hz.
- f. Repeat steps (c), (d), (e) for audio oscillator frequencies of 1 KHz, 10 KHz, 50 KHz, 100 KHz and 200 KHz.

1.3.2.5 Deviation Sensitivity1.3.2.5.1 AC Sensitivity

- a. Test setup shall be in accordance with Figure 4.
- b. Adjust power supply voltage to 28 V dc.
- c. Tune the spectrum analyzer to the unmodulated carrier frequency of the transmitter and monitor the carrier amplitude.
- d. Set audio oscillator frequency at 41.67 KHz and maintain throughout this test. (This frequency when multiplied by a modulation index of 2.40 results in a peak carrier deviation of 100 kHz.)
- e. Increase the audio oscillator output voltage until the first carrier null (carrier amplitude equals zero) occurs. This represents a peak carrier deviation of 100 kHz. Measure and record the modulation input voltage at the transmitter.
- f. Compute the deviation sensitivity as follows:

$$\text{Deviation sensitivity} = \frac{100 \text{ kHz}}{\text{Modulation Voltage (rms)}}$$

- g. Adjust power supply to 32.0 V dc and repeat steps (e) and (f).
- h. Adjust power supply to 24.0 V dc and repeat steps (e) and (f).

1.3.2.5.2 DC Sensitivity

- a. Test setup shall be in accordance with Figure 5.
- b. Adjust power supply to 28.0 Vdc.
- c. Apply +1.0 Vdc across the modulation input leads. Record the RF carrier frequency.
- d. Apply -1.0 Vdc across the modulation input leads. Record the RF carrier frequency.
- e. Repeat (c) and (d) at a supply voltage setting of 32.0 Vdc.
- f. Repeat (c) and (d) at a supply voltage setting of 24.0 Vdc.

1.3.2.6 AC Deviation Linearity

- a. Test setup shall be in accordance with Figure 4.
- b. Adjust power supply voltage to 28 Vdc.
- c. Set audio oscillator at 300 Hz.
- d. Set the audio oscillator output voltage at 2.50 Vrms (500 kHz deviation).
- e. Adjust the receiver video output for a convenient level. Maintain the same receiver video gain control setting throughout the following steps.
- f. Measure and record the receiver video output (E_r) and modulation input voltages (V_i) to three decimal places for modulation input increments of 0.250 V from 0.250 V to 2.500 V and at 0.625 V.
- g. Set the audio oscillator at 10 kHz.
- h. Repeat steps (d), (e) and (f).
- i. Set the audio oscillator at 100 kHz.
- j. Repeat steps (d), (e) and (f).
- k. At each of the modulation frequencies calculate the percent deviation linearity in accordance with the following procedure:

(1) Calculate the theoretical deviations as follows:

125 kHz Deviation

$$E_t = E_{0.625} \frac{V_i}{0.625}$$

500 kHz Deviation

$$E_t = E_{2.500} \frac{V_i}{2.500}$$

1.3.2.6 AC Deviation Linearity (Cont'd)

wherein:

E_t = Theoretical receiver output for the associated increment of input modulation voltage.

V_i = Input modulation increment voltage.

$E_{0.625}$ = Receiver video output voltage for 0.625 modulation input voltage.

$E_{2.500}$ = Receiver video output voltage for 2.500 modulation input voltage.

(2) Select the point of greatest difference between the theoretical deviation (E_t) and the actual deviation (E_r) recorded.

(3) Calculate and record the maximum percent linearity as follows:

125 kHz Linearity

$$\% \text{ Linearity} = \frac{E_t - E_r}{E_{0.625}} \times 100$$

500 kHz Linearity

$$\% \text{ Linearity} = \frac{E_t - E_r}{E_{2.500}} \times 100$$

1.3.2.7 Frequency Response

- a. Test setup shall be in accordance with Figure 6.
- b. Adjust power supply to plus 28 V dc.
- c. Set the oscillator frequency to 50 kHz. Adjust the audio oscillator output voltage for 0.625 Vrms. Measure and record the receiver video output voltage and modulation input voltage.

CAUTION: DO NOT ADJUST THE RECEIVER VIDEO GAIN CONTROL DURING THE FOLLOWING TEST STEPS:

- d. Adjust the audio oscillator for frequencies specified below. At each frequency setting maintain the modulation input voltage measured in step (c). Measure and record the receiver output voltage at each frequency.

Audio Oscillator Frequency Settings

50 Hz	150 kHz
200 Hz	200 kHz
500 Hz	250 kHz
1 kHz	300 kHz
5 kHz	350 kHz
10 kHz	400 kHz
50 kHz	450 kHz
100 kHz	500 kHz

1.3.2.7 Frequency Response (Cont'd)

- e. Determine the frequency response of the transmitter over the measured frequency range by the following equation:

$$\text{Frequency response (db)} = 20 \log \frac{E_s}{E_{50 \text{ kHz}}} - \text{SCF}$$

where E_s = Receiver video output voltage

$E_{50 \text{ kHz}}$ = Receiver video output voltage @ 50 kHz

SCF = System response correction factor in db.

NOTE: The SFC will be used as applicable in the test report only. During test the receiver tuning offset, I.F. bandwidth and video filtering used, should be recorded.

1.3.2.8 Incidental Frequency Modulation

- a. Test setup shall be in accordance with Figure 7.
- b. Adjust power supply to plus 28 V dc.
- c. Calibrate receiver video output and scope in kHz deviation as follows:
 - (1) Tune spectrum analyzer to the unmodulated carrier output of the transmitter. Monitor carrier amplitude.
 - (2) Adjust audio oscillator frequency to 13.3 kHz. (This frequency when multiplied by a modulation index of 2.40 results in a peak carrier deviation of 32 kHz.)
 - (3) Increase audio oscillator output voltage until the first carrier null occurs. This represents a peak carrier deviation of 32 kHz.
 - (4) Adjust video output of receiver and/or scope sensitivity for a scope presentation of at least 8 kHz per centimeter.

CAUTION: DO NOT ADJUST THE RECEIVER VIDEO OR OSCILLOSCOPE GAIN CONTROLS DURING THE FOLLOWING STEPS.

- d. Short circuit modulation input leads.
- e. Measure and record transmitter peak-to-peak deviation, as displayed on scope.
- f. Record receiver bandwidth used and receiver input signal level.

1.3.2.9 Modulation Distortion

- a. Test setup shall be in accordance with Figure 8.
- b. Adjust power supply to plus 28 V dc.
- c. Adjust audio oscillator voltage to 0.625 Vrms and frequency to 5kHz. Adjust receiver output voltage as required for operation of the wave analyzer.

1.3.2.9 Modulation Distortion (Cont'd)

- d. Measure and record input modulation frequency and amplitude. At the receiver output measure and record (in dB) the amplitude of the fundamental modulating frequency, and the amplitude of the second and third harmonics of the fundamental frequency.
- e. Set the audio oscillator to the following frequencies sequentially, and, at each frequency, repeat steps (c) and (d).

5 kHz
10 kHz
25 kHz
50 kHz
100 kHz

1.3.2.10 Intermodulation Distortion

- a. Test setup shall be in accordance with Figure 9.
- b. Use two audio oscillators to simulate SC01 and SC02 in various frequency combinations as specified in Table 1.
- c. Set the power supply voltage to 28 Vdc.
- d. Set up combination number 1, shown in Table I. Adjust the oscillator amplitude controls to obtain 0.1 Vrms across the 1K ohm resistor for each frequency (measure with wave analyzer).
- e. With the wave analyzer, read and record the ratio of the receiver video signal level of the sum and difference frequencies shown in Table I with respect to the signal level of the SC0 frequencies.
- f. Repeat steps (d) and (e) for the remaining combination frequencies specified in Table I.

TABLE 1-I INTERMODULATION DISTORTION

Combination Number	SC0 #1 Center Frequency	SC0 #2 Center Frequency	Sum	Difference
1	560 Hz	730 Hz	1290 Hz	170 Hz
2	2.3 kHz	3.0 kHz	5.3 kHz	700 Hz
3	14.5 kHz	22.0 kHz	36.5 kHz	7.5 kHz
4	40.0 kHz	70.0 kHz	110 kHz	30 kHz

1.3.2.11 Load Impedance

1.3.2.11.1 1.8 VSWR

- a. Assemble test setup for reactive load in accordance with Figure 10.

1.3.2.11.1 1.8:1 VSWR (Cont'd)

- b. Set the adjustable stub for a reactive load of 1.8:1 before connecting to transmitter output.

NOTE: Continuously monitor heat sink temperature and supply current. Heat sink temperature shall not be permitted to exceed 75°C.

- c. Apply plus 28 Vdc to the transmitter.
- d. Record supply current, output power, and output frequency.
- e. Repeat step (d) for power supply settings of 24 Vdc and 32 Vdc.

1.3.2.11.2 Open Circuit

- a. Test setup shall be in accordance with figure 1.

NOTE: Whenever the load is changed, allow sufficient time for output power to stabilize.

- b. Record output power, supply current, and carrier frequency.
- c. Disconnect 50-ohm load from the output terminal of the transmitter and operate the transmitter at 28.0 Vdc supply voltage for 15 minutes.
- d. Reconnect 50-ohm load and record output power, supply current, and carrier frequency.

1.3.2.11.3 Short Circuit

- a. Test setup shall be in accordance with Figure 1.

NOTE: Whenever the load is changed, allow sufficient time for the output power to stabilize.

- b. Record output power, supply current, and carrier frequency. Disconnect the 50-ohm load from the output terminal of the transmitter. Connect a shorting plug directly to the output terminal of the transmitter.
- c. Apply 28 Vdc and operate the transmitter with the output short circuited, for 15 minutes.
- d. Reconnect the 50-ohm load. Measure and record output power, output frequency, and supply current.

1.3.2.12 Incidental Amplitude Modulation

- a. Test setup shall be in accordance with Figure 11.
- b. Set the supply voltage to plus 28.0 Vdc.
- c. Short circuit the transmitter modulation input leads.

1.3.2.12 Incidental Amplitude Modulation (Cont'd)

- d. Apply power to transmitter and adjust the attenuator to obtain a 1.0 mw output.
- e. Set signal generator frequency to 2277.5 MHz. With modulation off, connect power meter to signal generator and adjust signal generator output controls to obtain a 1.0 mw output.
- f. Connect the signal generator to the r-f detector and oscilloscope combination. Adjust the oscilloscope controls for a 5 cm dc deflection.
- g. Amplitude modulate the signal generator with 10 KHz. Adjust the modulation source level to obtain a 1 cm peak-to-peak signal on the oscilloscope, this represents 20% AM. Adjust the oscilloscope controls to increase the peak-to-peak signal to 4 cm, centered on oscilloscope face. Each cm equals 5% of amplitude modulation.
- h. Connect the signal out of the attenuator (transmitter output) to the r-f detector and oscilloscope combination, adjust the attenuator to position the sweep to the center of the oscilloscope face. Record the peak-to-peak amplitude of any signal or noise on the oscilloscope trace. This is incidental AM.
- i. With oscilloscope and attenuator controls as in (h) above connect audio oscillator to the modulation input leads. Adjust audio oscillator voltage to 0.625 V rms and frequency to 10 KHz. Record the peak-to-peak amplitude of any signal or noise on the oscilloscope trace.

1.3.3 RFI

The transmitter shall be tested for generation of and susceptibility to RFI in accordance with Specification MIL-I-6181D, paragraphs 4.3.1.1, 4.3.3.2, and 4.3.4.1.2 only.

1.3.4 ENVIRONMENTAL TESTS

The transmitter will be subjected to the following environmental tests by Boeing. Preliminary setup will be as follows:

- a. Reduce transmitter pressure to 7.0 ± 0.5 psig. Monitor pressure after each environmental test.
- b. Mount transmitter on a suitable heat sink in accordance with Paragraph 1.3.2.1 (a). Heat Sink temperature shall be continuously monitored during test.

CAUTION: DO NOT UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES ALLOW THE HEAT SINK TEMPERATURE TO EXCEED PLUS 75°C.

- c. Energize the transmitter in accordance with Paragraph 1.3.2.2 and monitor the input voltage, input current, output power and output frequency during each test.

1.3.4.1 Temperature Shock (See note on Page 10)

- a. Test the transmitter for resistance to temperature shock in accordance

1.3.4.1 Temperature Shock (Cont'd)

a. (Cont'd)

with Method 1 of Standard 50M60303 operating.

- b. Perform two cycles between the high limit of plus 75°C and the low limit of minus 20°C.
- c. Before and after this test and at the high and low temperature limits of each cycle, perform the following tests in accordance with the applicable paragraph:

Output power, frequency stability,
and dc-RF efficiency

Deviation sensitivity

1.3.4.2 Temperature cycling (See Note)

- a. Test the transmitter for resistance to extreme operating temperatures in accordance with Method 2 of Standard 50M60303.
- b. Perform one cycle between the high limit of plus 75°C and the low limit of minus 20°C.
- c. Before and after this test and at the high and low temperature limits, perform the following tests:

Output power, frequency stability,
dc-RF efficiency and

Deviation sensitivity

1.3.4.3 Vibration

Conduct a sine wave vibration transmissibility test from 20-2000 Hz at a 5G level as follows:

- a. Install accelerometers and mount transmitter on the test machine.
- b. The vibration frequencies shall be swept logarithmically from 20-2000 Hz in at least two minutes. The sweep shall be performed once in each of the three planes.
- c. During the above test, the transmitter shall be operated and the power output frequency and incidental frequency modulation recorded and monitored.
- d. Before and after tests (each plane) record power output, frequency, incidental frequency modulation and efficiency.

NOTE: The high ambient temperature (75°C) will be determined by the temperature sensor in the heat sink. The low ambient temperature (-20°C) will be determined by the ambient air sensor in the temperature chamber.

TABLE 1-II LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

<u>Item Number</u>	<u>Test Item</u>
(a)	Spectrum Analyzer, Lavoie Laboratories Inc., Tuner Unit LA-18M and Indicator Unit LA-18M
(b)	Electronic Counter, Hewlett Packard, Model 5245L
(c)	Frequency Converter, Hewlett Packard, Model 5254B
(d)	Wave Analyzer, Hewlett Packard Model 302A
(e)	Wave Analyzer, Hewlett Packard Model 310A
(f)	Test Oscillator, Hewlett Packard Model 650A
(g)	Power Supply, Trygon Electronics Model HR40-750
(h)	Power Supply, Trygon Electronics Model H36-15A
(i)	Digital Voltmeter, Hewlett Packard Model 3440A
(j)	High Gain/Auto Range Unit, Hewlett Packard Model 3443A
(k)	AC-to-DC Converter, Hewlett Packard, Model 457A
(l)	Vacuum Tube Voltmeter, Hewlett Packard Model 410B
(m)	AC Voltmeter, Hewlett Packard Model 400E
(n)	Thermocouple Junction and Meter to Measure Temperature Over the Range of -20°C to 75°C
(o)	Power meter, Hewlett Packard Model 431C
(p)	Directional Coupler, Hewlett Packard Model 777D
(q)	RF Load Resistor, Sierra Model 160-500
(r)	Adjustable Line, General Radio Co. Type 874-LK20L
(s)	Adjustable RF Stub, General Radio Co. Type 874-D50L
(t)	Slotted Line, General Radio Co. Type 874-LBA
(u)	Attenuator Weinschel Model 60
(v)	Trombone Constant Impedance Adjustable Line, General Radio, Type 874-LTL
(w)	Ammeter, Weston, Model 901
(x)	Decade Resistance, General Radio Co. Type 1432-M
(y)	Oscilloscope, Tektronix Type 545 With Type CA plug in

TABLE 1-II (Continued)

<u>Item Number</u>	<u>Test Item</u>
(z)	Receiver, Nems-Clark, Type 711A with FSD-109A and RFT-106A
(aa)	Temperature Chamber, Associated Testing Laboratories, Inc. Model SLHD-8-LC
(bb)	Vibration Test Facility Consisting Of: MB Co. - Model T489 80 Channel Equalizer/Analyzer MB Co. - Model T888 22.5 KVA Power Amplifier MB Co. - Model T66/88 Control Console MB Co. - Model C-60 6000 Force Pound Exciter B&K - Model 572/573 Vibration Control Servo A&G - Model 2020R "G" Table
(cc)	RF Detector, Telonic XD-6A
(dd)	Attenuator, NARDA Types 705, 706
(ee)	Pressure Gage, Futurecraft 90395-LOX
(ff)	SWR Meter, Hewlett Packard Model 415B or 415D
(gg)	Tee, General Radio, Type 874-T or 874-TL
(hh)	Double Stub Tuner, NARDA Model 903N
(ii)	20-CM Adjustable Stub, General Radio 874-D20L

NOTE: Items (cc), (gg), and (hh) do not require certification.

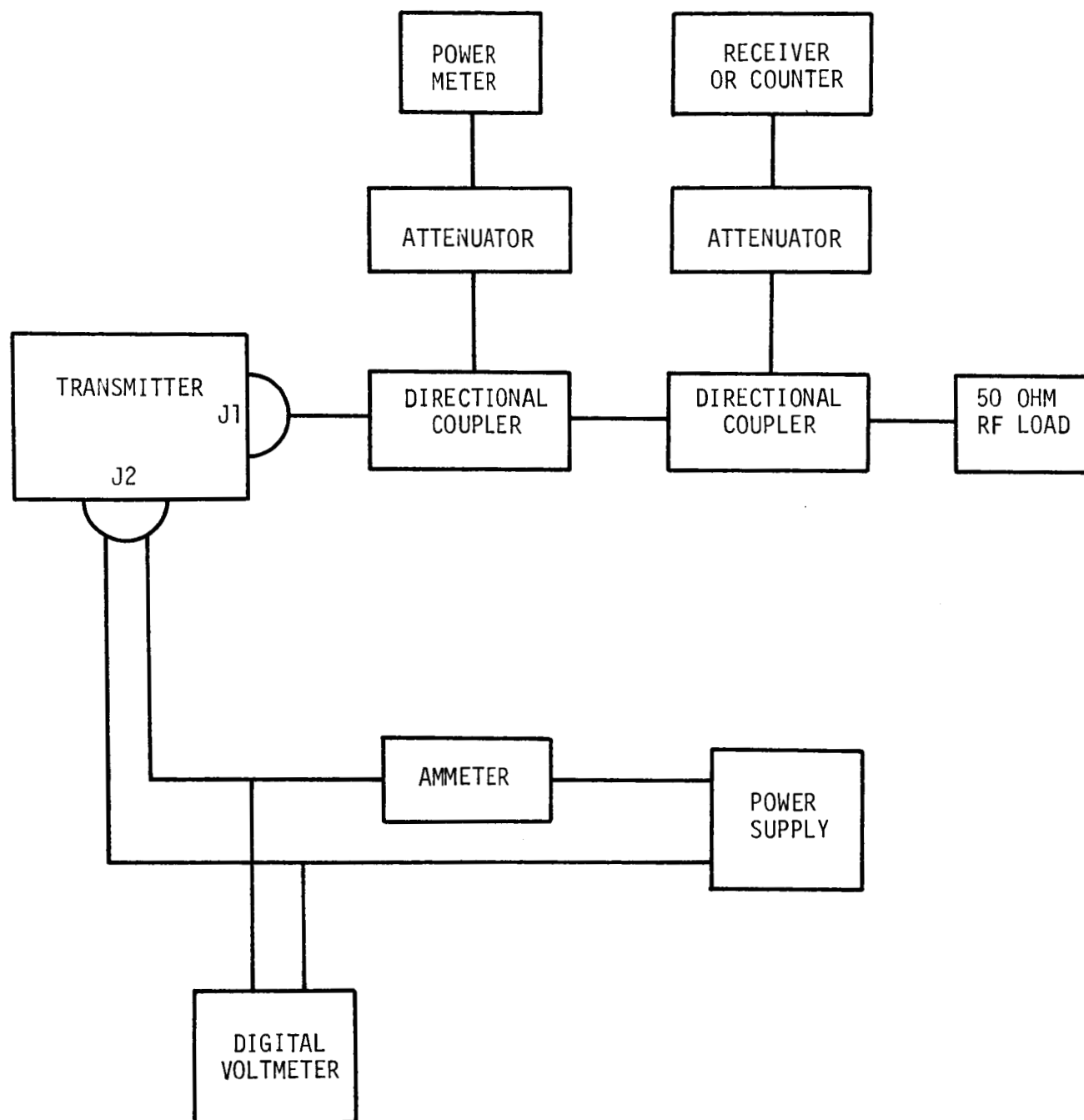
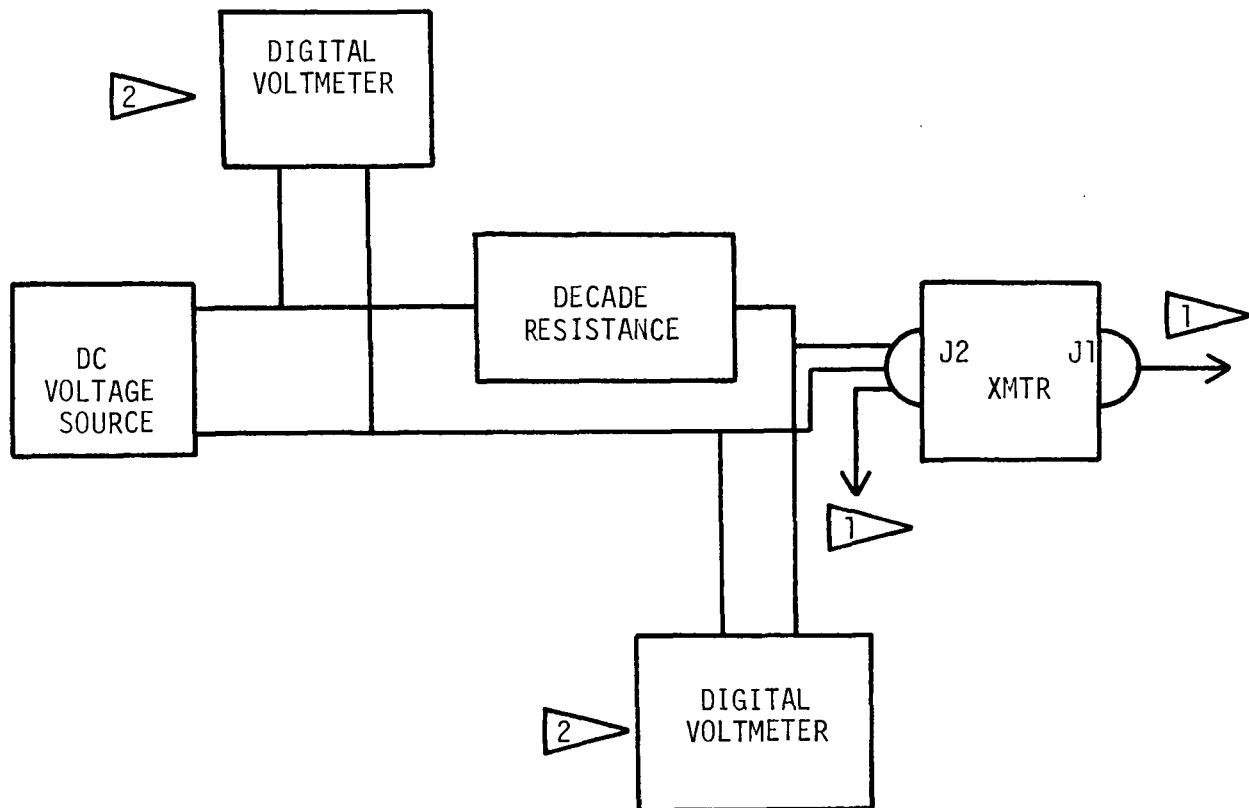


FIGURE 1-1 - Basic Test Setup, Output Power Frequency Stability, Efficiency, Warm-up Time Test Setup.

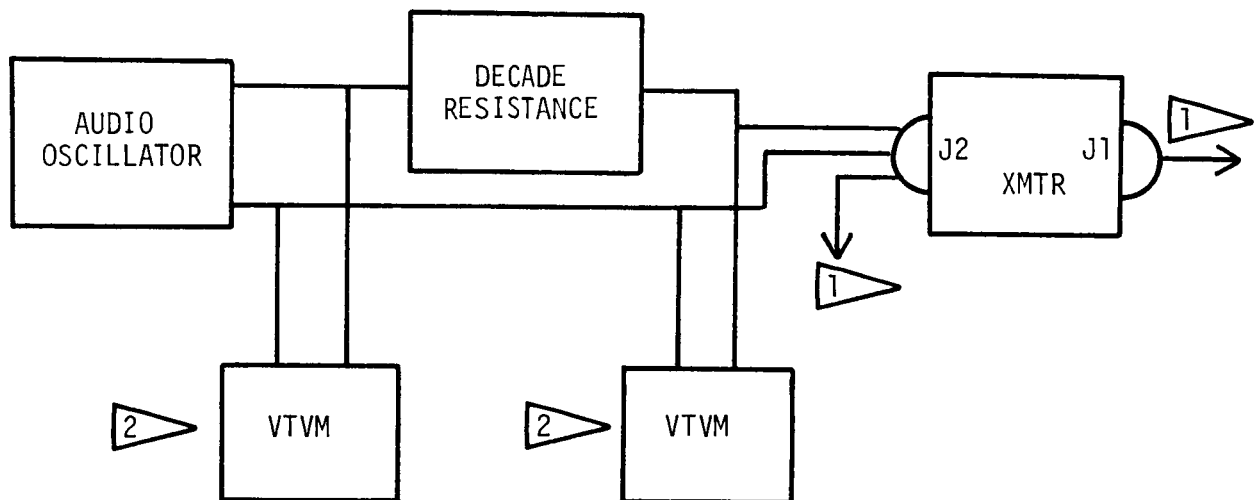


NOTES

1 Supply power and RF output connected as per Figure 1.

2 Use same digital voltmeter by alternating connections.

FIGURE 1-2 - DC Input Impedance Test Setup

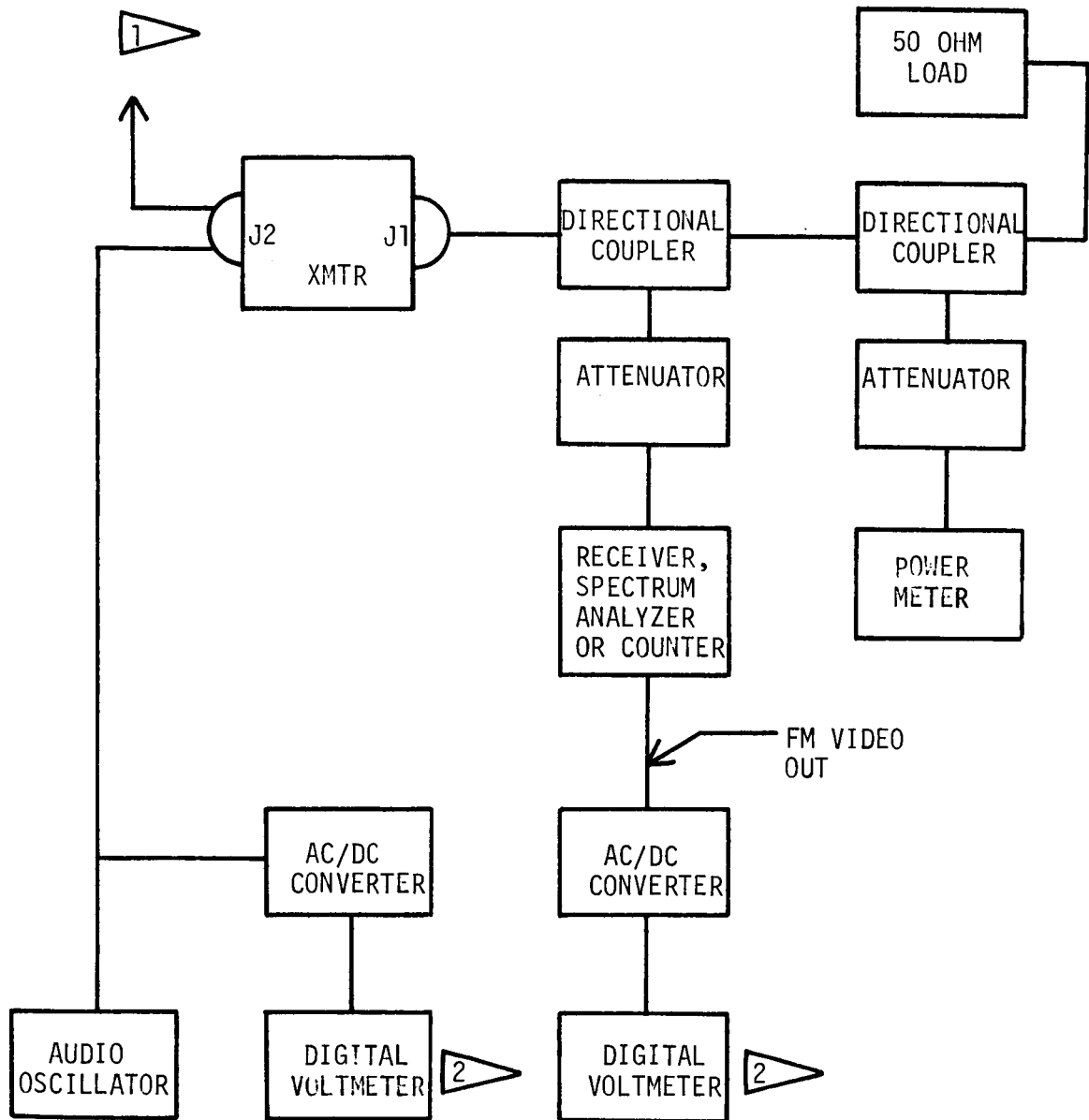


NOTES

1 Supply power and RF output connected per Figure 1.

2 Use same VTVM by alternating connections.

FIGURE 1-3 - AC Input Impedance Test Setup



NOTES

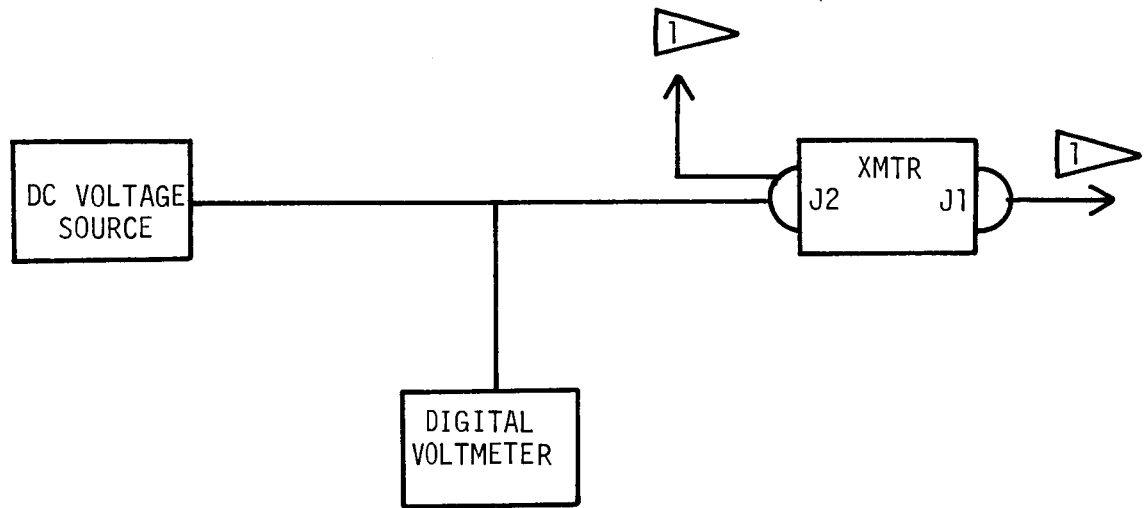


Power supply connected per Figure 1.



Use same AC/DC converter and digital voltmeter by alternating connections.

FIGURE 1-4 - Deviation Sensitivity and AC Deviation Linearity Test Setup



NOTE


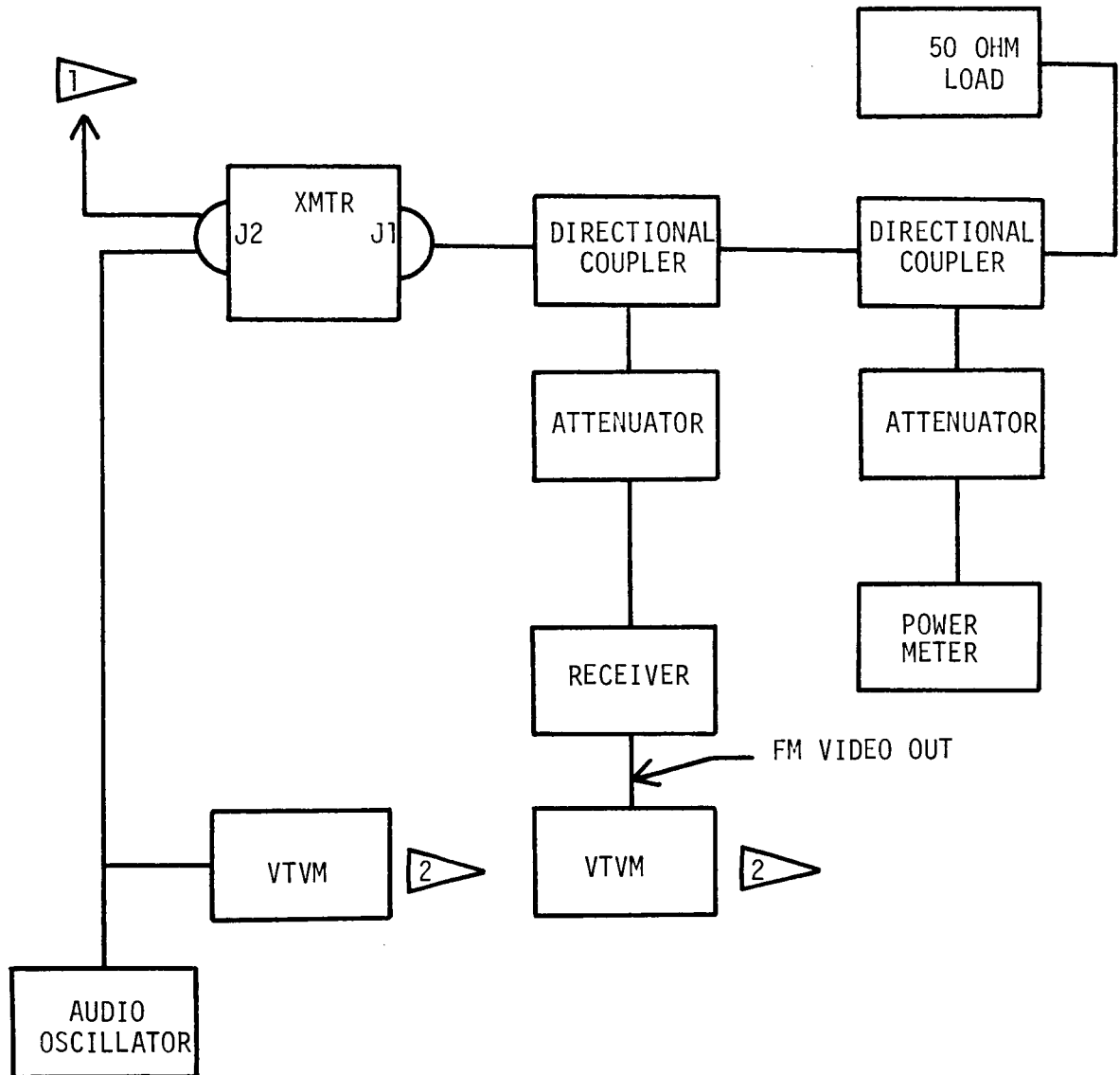
 Supply power and RF output connected per Figure 1.

FIGURE 1-5 - DC Sensitivity Test Setup

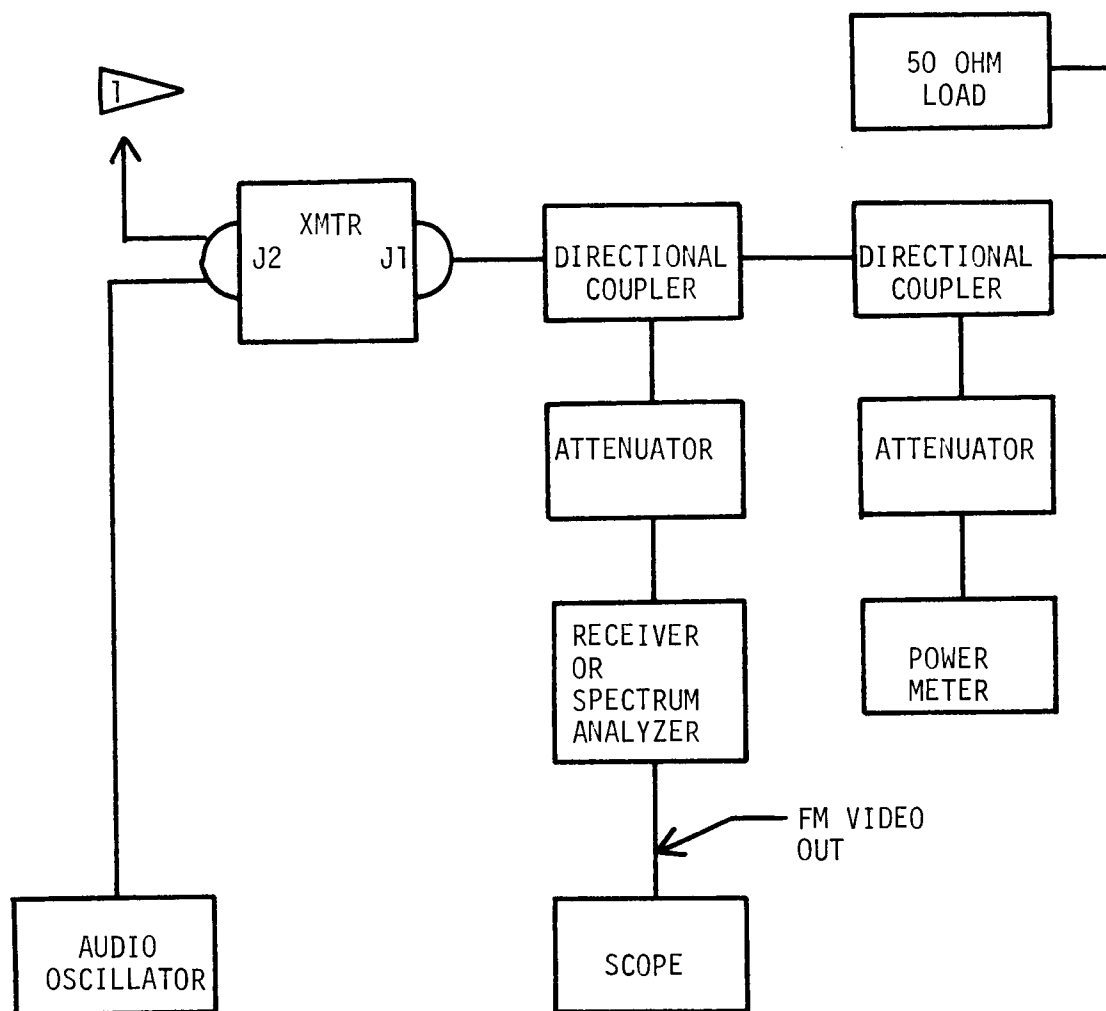


NOTES

1 Power supply connections per Figure 1.

2 Use same VTVM by alternating connections.

FIGURE 1-6 - Frequency Response Test Setup



NOTE


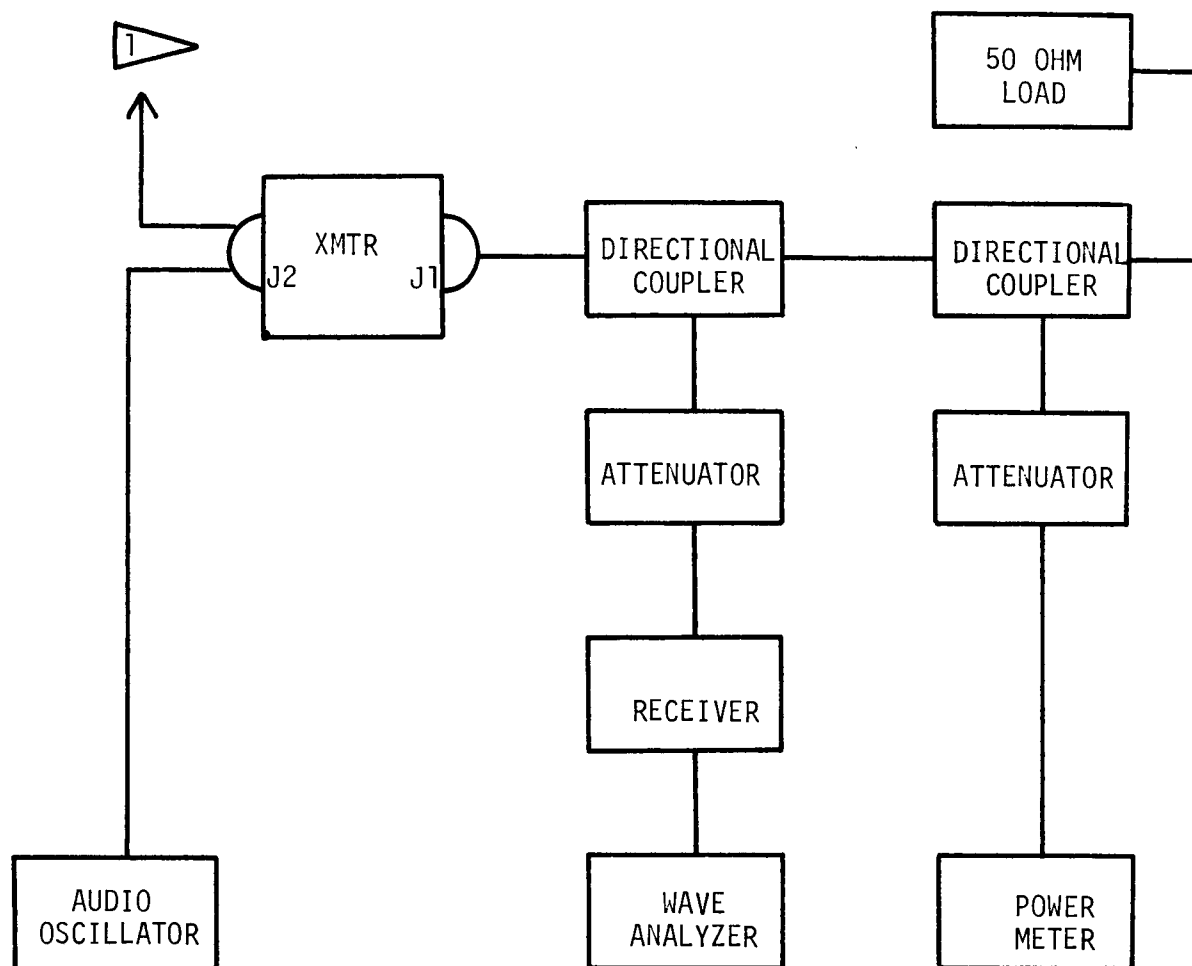
 Power supply connections per Figure 1.

FIGURE 1-7 - Incidental Frequency Modulation Test Setup

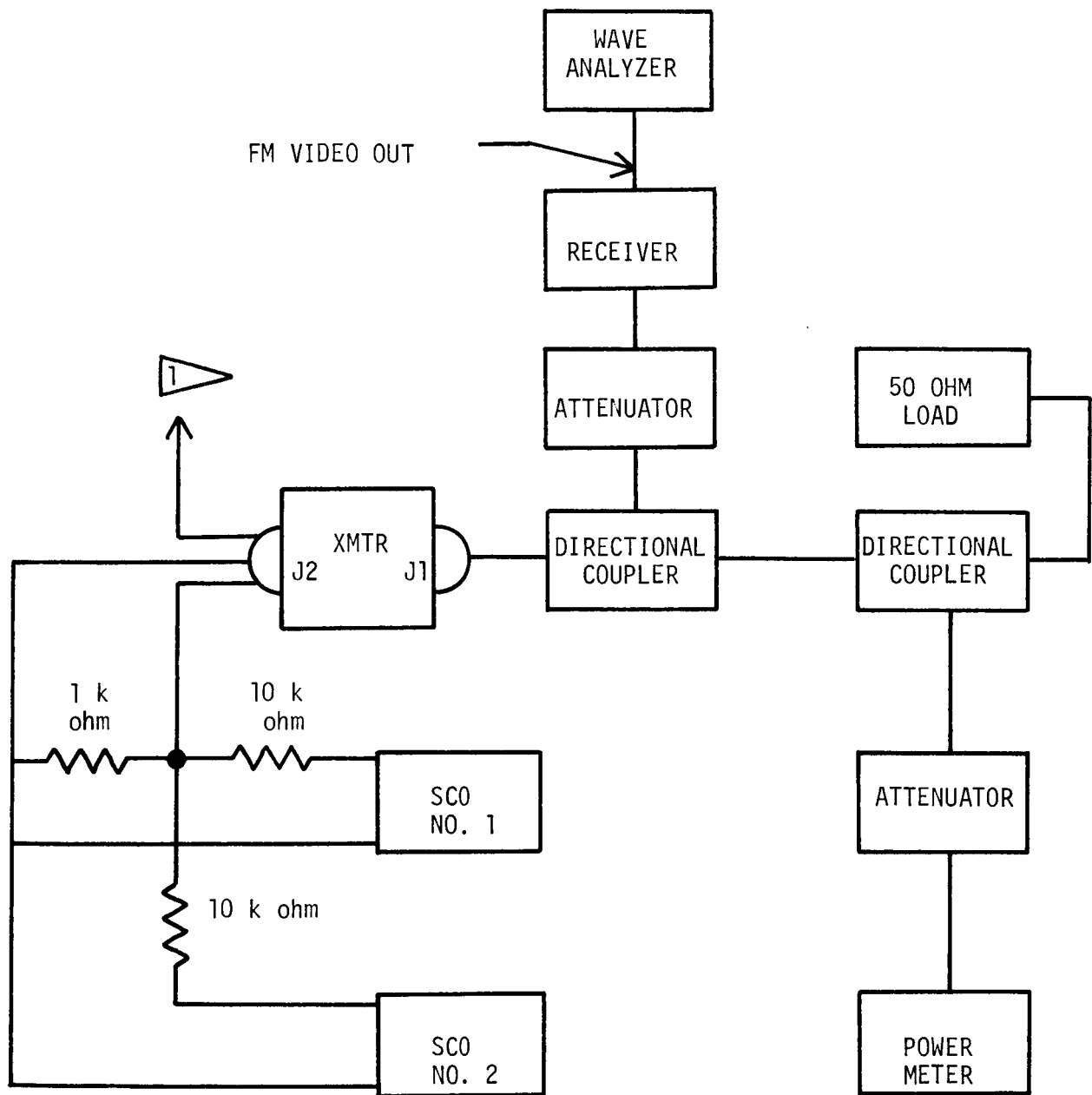


NOTE



Power connected per Figure 1.

FIGURE 1-8 - Modulation Distortion Test Setup

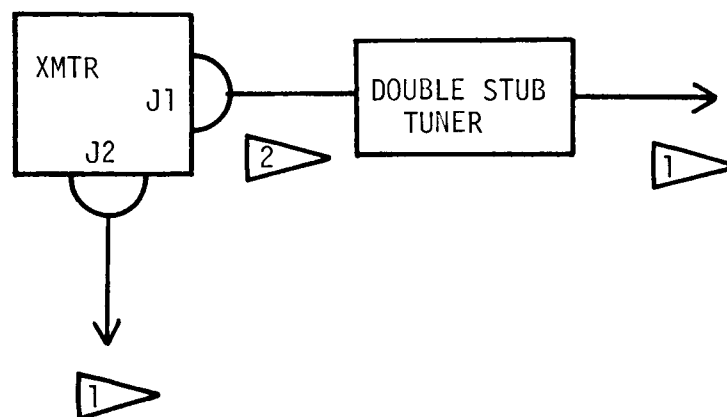


NOTE



Supply power connected per Figure 1.

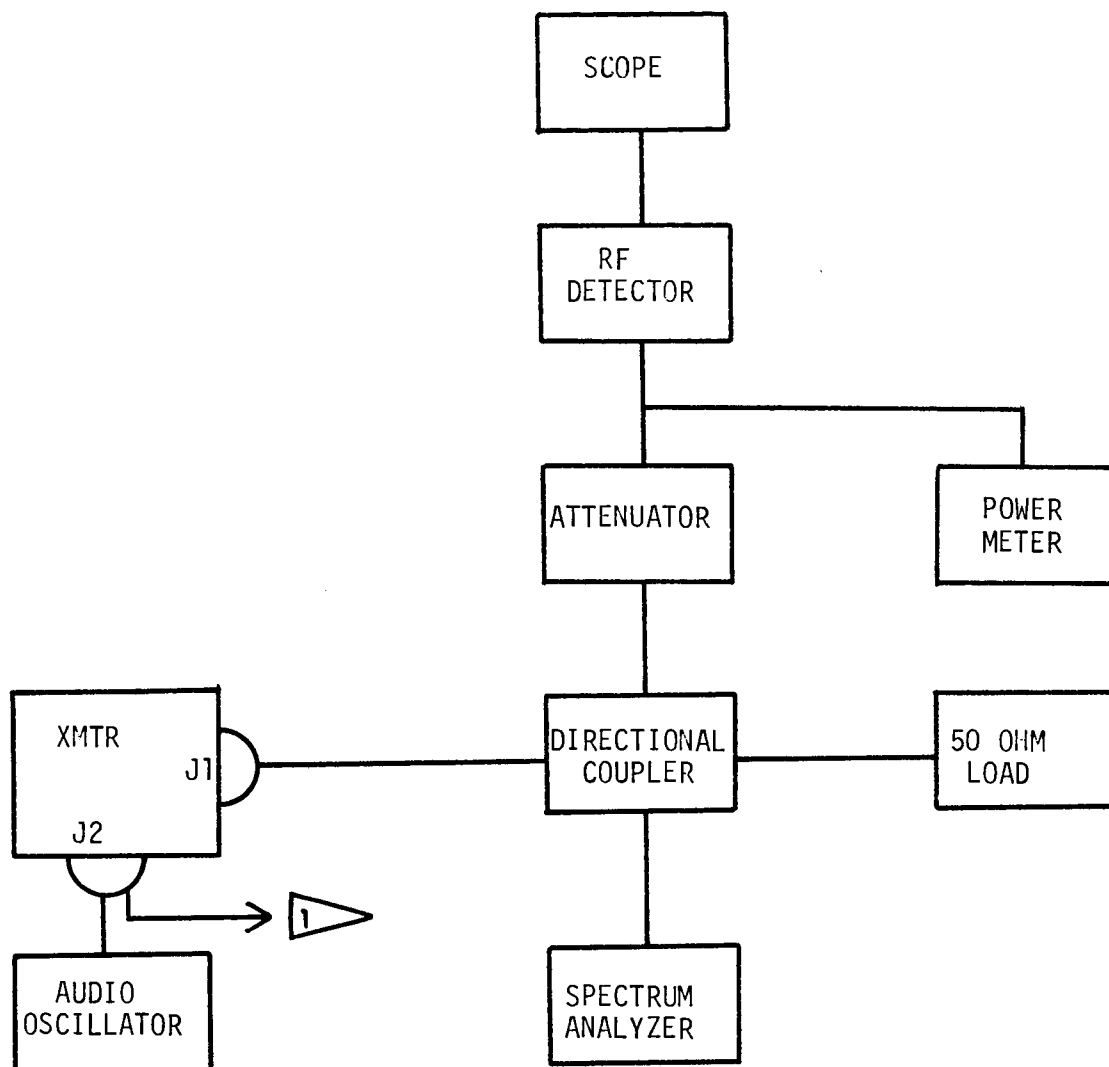
FIGURE 1-9 - Intermodulation Test Setup



NOTES

- 1 Supply power and RF output power connected per Figure 1.
- 2 VSWR input to stub tuner is pre-adjusted to 1.8:1 before connection to transmitter.

FIGURE 1-10 - VSWR Test Setup



NOTE

1 Supply power connected per Figure 1.

FIGURE 1-11 - Incidental Amplitude Modulation Test Setup

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SECTION 2

TEST DATA

2.0 INTRODUCTION

This section contains the original test data sheets and test equipment lists as recorded by Boeing Quality control. The paragraph numbers on the data sheets refer to the paragraph numbers in the preceding test procedure. It will be noted that only tests 1.3.2.1 (a) and (b) through 1.3.2.12 were conducted. No environmental tests were conducted.

—

BOEING 1 INCH SYSTEMS

ORDER NO.

SERIAL NO. OR LOT NO.

32

RECORDS SYSTEM

1

5.81245-33 REV 7-68

11

DATA SHEET

TEST SET		RESULTS	DATE & SHOP	DATE & INSP.	DATE & CUST.
1.3.2.1	TEST SET				
1.3.2.1 (B)	Power Ground - Chassis Ground	2500 Hz			
	Power Ground - Chassis Ground	2500 Hz			
	Power Ground - Chassis Ground	100 Hz			
1.3.2.7	WARM UP TIME				
	(a) 3 MINUTES	Power output			
		Output frequency			
	(a) 6 MINUTES	Power output			
		Output frequency			
	(a) 9 MINUTES	Power output			
		Output frequency			

DATA SHEET

RESULTS	CHECK	DATE		
		DATE & SHOP	DATE & INSP.	DATE & CUST.
1.3.2.3 THE FOLLOWING IS SET TO BE THE AVERAGE OF 24.75 OF WHICH THE THREE CURRENT RESULTS ARE:				
CURRENT				
7.15 AMP				
237.5563688				
237.5563688				
10.1%				
SUPPLY VOLTAGE @ 28 VDC				
CURRENT				
7.10 AMP				
237.5563688				
237.5563688				
8.15%				
SUPPLY VOLTAGE @ 25 VDC				
CURRENT				
7.3 AMP				
237.5563688				
16.80 AMP				
9.22%				
1.3.2.4 INPUT IMPEDANCE				
1.3.2.4.1 D.C. INPUT IMPEDANCE				
13.3 Kohms				

PART NO.		SERIAL NO. OR LOT NO.	ORDER NO.	BOEING LAUNCH SYSTEMS RECORDS SYSTEM S-812-55-33 REV. 2 65	PAGE OF
58/1250470-1			1110 30 99		3
DATA SHEET					
RESULTS				CHECK	
				DATE & STOP	DATE & INSP.
				MAR 29 1969	
1.3.2.4.2	AC INPUT IMPEDANCE				
	(a) 300 Hz				
	(a) 1 kHz				
	(a) 10 kHz				
	(a) 50 kHz				
	(a) 100 kHz				
	(a) 200 kHz				
1.3.2.5	DEVIATION SENSITIVITY				
1.3.2.5.1	AC SENSITIVITY				
	(a) 28 VDC				
	MODULATION INPUT VOLTAGE				
	DEVIATION SENSITIVITY				
	(a) 32 VDC				
	MODULATION INPUT VOLTAGE				
	DEVIATION SENSITIVITY				
	(a) 25 VDC				
	MODULATION INPUT VOLTAGE				
	DEVIATION SENSITIVITY				
1.3.2.5.2	DC SENSITIVITY				
	(a) 28 VDC				
	+10 VDC				
	-10 VDC				
	(a) 32 VDC				
	+10 VDC				
	-10 VDC				

D5-13424

PART NO. 58/1250470-1
 SERIAL NO. OR LOT NO.
 NOMENCLATURE
 3

PART NO.	SERIAL NO. OR LOT NO.	ORDER NO.	BOEING LAUNCH SYSTEMS BRANCH RECORDS SYSTEM	PAGE 4
3K115TC490-1B		H603099	S-812-65-33 REV. 2/65	OF

PART NO.	SERIAL NO. OR LOT NO.	ORDER NO.	BOEING LAUNCH SYSTEMS BRANCH RECORDS SYSTEM	PAGE 4
3K115TC490-1B		H603099	S-812-65-33 REV. 2/65	OF

PART NO.	SERIAL NO. OR LOT NO.	ORDER NO.	BOEING LAUNCH SYSTEMS BRANCH RECORDS SYSTEM	PAGE 4
3K115TC490-1B		H603099	S-812-65-33 REV. 2/65	OF

DATA SHEET

103, 2.6 (CONTINUED)

C 105 H2

② 10 H₂

$$125 \text{ K}^{\circ}\text{H}_2 \text{ Deviation @ } 100 \text{ K}^{\circ}\text{H}_2 = 0.08\%$$

500 KHz Deviation @ 100 $\text{KHz} = 0.36\%$

2-6

15/56/6

PART NO

NOMENCLATURE

SERIAL NO. OR LOT NO.

Ch. 11

20 WATT TRANSMITTER

4603099

PART NO. 58/4570470-1	SERIAL NO. & LOT NO. E 31247	ORDER NO. H603099	BOEING LAUNCH SYSTEM RECORDS SHEET S-81265-33 REV 2 65	PAGE 6
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DATA SHEET

1.3.2.2	FREQUENCY RESPONSE	RESULTS		CHECK	DATE & INSP.	DATE & CUST.
		RECEIVED	dB			
	RECEIVED TUNING OFFSET -0-	1.033	+0.3			
	VIDEO FILTERING 1000 KHz	1.043	+0.4			
	IF BANDWIDTH 3-3 MHz	1.040	+0.35			
	MICROVOLTAGE 100 KHz	1.032	+0.3			
	5 KHz	0.975	-0.2			
	10 KHz	0.968	-0.3			
	REFERENCE POINT 50 KHz	1.000	0.0			
	100 KHz	1.046	+0.4			
	150 KHz	1.073	+0.6			
	200 KHz	1.064	+0.5			
	250 KHz	1.113	+1.05			
	300 KHz	1.089	+0.7			
	350 KHz	1.065	+0.6			
	400 KHz	0.975	-0.2			
	450 KHz	0.885	-1.1			
	500 KHz	0.796	-1.95			
1.3.2.8	INCIDENTAL FREQUENCY MODULATION					
	PEAK TO PEAK MODULATION	6.4 KHz				
	VIDEO BANDWIDTH	500 KHz				
	RECEIVED TUNING OFFSET 1000 KHz	1000 KHz				

2-7

PART NO. 58/4570470-1	SERIAL NO. & LOT NO. E 31247	NOMENCLATURE 20' ANTENNA	DATE MAR 29 1968
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3/25/8

SERIAL NO. OR LOT NO.

ORDER NO.

BOEING LAUNCH SYSTEMS RECORDS SYSTEM

S-812-65-33 REV. 2-65

OF

DATA SHEET

163-2010 TRANSMITTALATION DISTORTION

TABLE I

COMBINATION #1

SUM

DIFFERENCE

COMBINATION #2

SUM

DIFFERENCE

COMBINATION #3

SUM

DIFFERENCE

COMBINATION #4

SUM

DIFFERENCE

D5-13424

MAR 29 1968



1572

SUN TON 490-1

10 WATT TRANSMITTER

1103099

RECORDS SYSTEM
S-312-65-33 REV. 2-55

LENS LING

CHECK		DATE	DATE	DATE
DATE	TIME	DATE	TIME	DATE
1.3.2.11.3	SHARP CUT	19.8	7.05	22.7.56.34.02
INITIAL CONFIRMATION				
CUTTING POWER				
SUPPLY CURRENT				
CUTTING FREQUENCY				
AF TRAIL SHORT				
CUTTING POWER				
CUTTING FREQUENCY				
SUPPLY CURRENT				
INCIDENTAL AMPLITUDE MODULATION				
1.3.2.12	PEAK TO PEAK	0.5%		
1.3.2.12 (1)	PEAK TO PEAK	2.5%		
1.3.2.13	PEAK TO PEAK			

NON-EXCLUSIVITY

UNCLASSIFIED//FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

UN 3400

6605011

TABLE 2-II DETAILED EQUIPMENT LIST

PART NUMBER	ENGR. CONFIG.	NOMENCLATURE	SERIAL NO.	CALIBRATION		UNPLANNED EVENT S N	DATE & SHOP & INSP.	DATE & INSP.	DATE
				LAST	DUE				
511/LST0490-1B		AC/DC COMPARATOR	C17431	FEB 1968	APR 1968				MAR 29 1968
R1037A		RECEIVER	474	JUN 1968	JUL 1968				MAR 29 1968
RFT/06A		RF TUNER	138	NOV 1967	MAY 1968				MAR 29 1968
33111 F-50		FLUORIDE FILTER	123	JUN 1968	JUL 1968				MAR 29 1968
1037		CONVERTER	555	JUN 1968	MAY 1968				MAR 29 1968
SPA-4A		SPECTRUM ANALYZER	91	FEB 1968	APR 1968				MAR 29 1968
1432P		DECADE RESISTOR	3-5892	OCT 1967	APR 1968				MAR 29 1968
HLLK-		DIAGNOSTIC WAVEFORMER	536-0/230	FEB 1968	MAY 1968				MAR 29 1968
3032A		WAVE ANALYZER	437-04143	JUN 1968	MAY 1968				MAR 29 1968
310A		WAVE ANALYZER	415-00733	NOV 1967	MAY 1968				MAR 29 1968
65A		OSCILLATOR	233-12851	NOV 1967	MAY 1968				MAR 29 1968
4317B		POWER METER	310-10282	OCT 1967	APR 1968				MAR 29 1968
476A		THEORETICAL PREDICT	374B	SEP 1967	SEP 1968				MAR 29 1968
545B		OSCILLOSCOPE	000799	MAY 1968	JUL 1968				MAR 29 1968
TYPE C.A		PLUG IN UNIT	009872	FEB 1968	JUL 1968				MAR 29 1968
XD-6A		DETECTOR	041265	N/A	N/A				MAR 29 1968

TEST EQUIPMENT CONFIGURATION LOG

ORDER NO.

H603099

SERIAL NO. OR LOT NO.

BOEING LAUNCH SYSTEMS BRANCH

RECORDS SYSTEM

S-812-65-32 REV. 2 65

PAGE

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OF

3

PART NUMBER 312818

NOMENCLATURE

SERIAL NO. OR LOT NO.

ORDER NUMBER

PAGE 2

OF 3

20 WATT TRANSMITTER

H603099

PART NUMBER 5K/LST0490-15	SERIAL NO. OR LOT NO. 1463099	ORDER NO. 1463099	BOEING LAUNCH SYSTEMS BRANCH	PAGE 1
			RECORDS SYSTEM S-812-65-32 REV. 2 65	OF 3

TEST EQUIPMENT CONFIGURATION LOG

PART NUMBER	ENGR. CONFIG.	NOMENCLATURE	SERIAL NO.	CALIBRATION		UNPLANNED EVENT S/N	DATE & SHOP & INSP.	DATE & CUST.
				LAST	DUE			
777D	-	DIRECTIONAL COUP	01624	APR 1967	APR 1968		R. Freiburg 470-30-5210	MAR 29 1968
824 G41	-	ADJUSTABLE ATTENUATOR	N/A					
394A	-	VARIABLE ATTENUATION	1204	JAN 1968	JAN 1969		R. Freiburg 470-30-5210	MAR 29 1968
1600-100FH	-	COAXIAL TERMINATION	388	JUN 1967	JUN 1968			
8614A	-	SIGNAL GENERATION	34300248	FEB 1968	APR 1968		R. Freiburg 470-30-5210	MAR 29 1968
431C	-	POWER METER	618-01202	OCT 1967	APR 1968		R. Freiburg 470-30-5210	MAR 29 1968
1M36-10A	-	POWER SUPPLY	11075 H	DEC 1967	MAY 1968		R. Freiburg 470-30-5210	MAR 29 1968
426B	-	FUNCTIONAL TEST	13102172	JAN 1968	APR 1968		R. Freiburg 470-30-5210	MAR 29 1968
3440A	-	DIAGNOSTIC	531249	JAN 1968	JUL 1968		R. Freiburg 470-30-5210	MAR 29 1968
3443A	-	HEATING AUDIO OSCILLATOR	531247	JAN 1968	JUL 1968		R. Freiburg 470-30-5210	MAR 29 1968
5245L	-	ELECTRONIC COUNTING	430-01899	FEB 1968	MAY 1968		R. Freiburg 470-30-5210	MAR 29 1968
5254A	-	FREQUENCY CONVERSION	42900154	JAN 1968	MAY 1968		R. Freiburg 470-30-5210	MAR 29 1968
11K40-750	-	POWER SUPPLY	27758E	JAN 1968	JUL 1968		R. Freiburg 470-30-5210	MAR 29 1968
1432-M	-	DRIVER	20322-2	NOV 1967	MAY 1968		R. Freiburg 470-30-5210	MAR 29 1968
650A	-	TEST OSCILLATOR	3371240	OCT 1967	APR 1968		R. Freiburg 470-30-5210	MAR 29 1968
400E	-	VOLTAGE METER	53C-02651	JAN 1968	APR 1968		R. Freiburg 470-30-5210	MAR 29 1968

PAGE 1	PART NUMBER (1BR) 312418	NOMENCLATURE	SERIAL NO. OR LOT NO.	ORDER NUMBER
OF 3	5K/LST0490-15	20 WATT TRANSMITTER		1463099

[illegible]